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COMMITTEE ON HERBAL MEDICINAL PRODUCTS (HMPC)

DRAFT

COMMUNITY HERBAL MONOGRAPH ON SALVIA OFFICINALIS L., FOLIUM

DISCUSSION IN WORKING PARTY ON COMMUNITY MONOGRAPHS AND COMMUNITY LIST (MLWP)	July 2008 September 2008 November 2008 January 2009
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REDISCUSSION IN WORKING PARTY ON COMMUNITY MONOGRAPHS AND COMMUNITY LIST (MLWP)	
ADOPTION BY HMPC	

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KEYWORDS	Herbal medicinal products; HMPC; Community herbal monographs;	
	traditional use; Salvia officinalis L.; Salviae folium; sage leaf	

COMMUNITY HERBAL MONOGRAPH ON SALVIA OFFICINALIS L., FOLIUM

1. NAME OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT

To be specified for the individual finished product.

QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION 1,2 2.

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
	With regard to the registration application of Article 16d(1) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended
	Salvia officinalis L., folium (sage leaf)
	i) Herbal substance Not applicable
	ii) Herbal preparations
	Comminuted herbal substance
	Liquid extract (1:1), ethanol 70 % V/V
	Dry extract (4-7:1), extraction solvent: water
	Liquid extract (1:3.5-5), extraction solvent: ethanol 31.5% V/V
	Liquid extract (1:4-5) extraction solvent: ethanol 50% V/V
	Liquid extract (1:7.2), extraction solvent: liquor wine : ethanol 96% V/V (38.25 : 61:75 m/m)

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 $^{^{1}}$ The material complies with the Eur. Ph. monograph (ref.: 01/2008:1370). 2 The declaration of the active substance(s) for an individual finished product should be in accordance with relevant herbal quality guidance

3. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
	Comminuted herbal substance as herbal tea preparation for oral, oromucosal and cutaneous use.
	Herbal preparations in solid or liquid dosage forms for oral use.
	Liquid or semi-solid preparations for oromucosal use.
	The pharmaceutical form should be described by the European Pharmacopoeia full standard term.

4. CLINICAL PARTICULARS

4.1. Therapeutic indications

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
	a) Traditional herbal medicinal product for symptomatic treatment of mild dyspeptic, complaints such as heartburn and bloating.
	b) Traditional herbal medicinal product for relief of excessive sweating.
	c) Traditional herbal medicinal product for the symptomatic treatment of inflammations in the mouth or the throat.
	d) Traditional herbal medicinal product for relief of minor skin inflammations.
	The product is a traditional herbal medicinal product for use in specified indications exclusively based upon long-standing use.

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4.2. Posology and method of administration

Well-established use

Traditional use

Posology

Adults, elderly

Indication a)

Comminuted herbal substance for tea preparation: 1-3 g herbal substance in boiling water three times daily

Dry extract (4-7:1): 320 mg dived in 3-4 doses

Liquid extract (1:7.2): 20 drops three times daily

Liquid extract (1:3.5-5): 10 drops three times daily in some liquid

Indication b)

Comminuted herbal substance for tea preparation: 2 g herbal substance in 160 ml boiling water

Liquid extract (1:3.5-5): 10- 20 drops dissolved in liquid three times daily, for night sweat 1 hour before or directly before bedtime : 30 drops in liquid

Liquid extract (1:4-5): 50 drops (= 2 ml) three times daily

Indication c)

Comminuted herbal substance for tea preparation: 2.5 g herbal substance in 100 ml boiling water. The infusion is used for gargle

Gel 20 % Liquid extract (1:1), 250 mg of gel up to 5 times daily on affected regions and massage gently

Liquid extract (1:3.5-5): 15 drops three times daily in warm water for gargle

Liquid extract (1:7.2): 3 spoons (15 ml) in a glass of water, rinse or gargle

Indication d)

Comminuted herbal substance for tea preparation:

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2.5 g herbal substance in 100 ml boiling water 2-4 times daily. The infusion is applied cutaneously

All indications

The intake of thujone should not exceed 3.0 mg/day.

The use in children and adolescents under 18 years of age is not recommended (see section 4.4 'Special warnings and precautions for use').

Duration of use

Indications a) and b)

Oral use:

Sage preparations should not be taken for more than 2 weeks.

Indication c)

Oromucosal use:

Sage preparations should not be taken for more than 1 week.

Indication d)

Cutaneous use:

The average duration of use is 2 weeks.

If the symptoms persist during the use of the medicinal product, a doctor or a qualified health care practitioner should be consulted.

Method of administration

Oral use.

Oromucosal use.

Cutaneous use.

4.3. Contraindications

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>	
	Hypersensitivity to the active substance(s).	

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4.4. Special warnings and precautions for use

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
	The use in children and adolescents under 18 years of age is not recommended because data are not sufficient and medical advice should be sought.
	For extracts containing ethanol, the appropriate labelling for ethanol, taken from the 'Guideline on excipients in the label and package leaflet of medicinal products for human use', must be included.

4.5. Interactions with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
	None reported.
	The intake of Sage folium preparations might influence the effect of medicinal products acting via GABA receptor (e.g. barbiturates, benzodiazepines), even if not seen clinically. Therefore the concomitant use with such medicinal products is not recommended.

4.6. Pregnancy and lactation

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
	Safety during pregnancy and lactation has not been established. In the absence of sufficient data, the use during pregnancy and lactation is not recommended.

4.7. Effects on ability to drive and use machines

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
	May impair ability to drive and use machines. Affected patients should not drive or operate machinery.

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4.8. Undesirable effects

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
	None known.
	If adverse reactions occur, a doctor or a qualified health care practitioner should be consulted.

4.9. Overdose

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
	Overdose has been reported with a sense of heat, tachycardia, vertigo and epileptic form convulsions (seizures) after intake corresponding to more than 15 g of sage leaves.

5. PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

5.1. Pharmacodynamic properties

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
	Not required as per Article 16c(1)(a)(iii) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended.

5.2. Pharmacokinetic properties

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
	Not required as per Article 16c(1)(a)(iii) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended.

5.3. Preclinical safety data

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
	Not required as per Article 16c(1)(a)(iii) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended, unless necessary for the safe use of the product.
	Thujone is reported to be neurotoxic and chemotypes with low content of thujone should be preferred.
	A daily intake of 3.0 mg/person is acceptable for a maximum duration of use of 2 weeks.
	Tests on reproductive toxicity, genotoxicity and carcinogenicity have not been performed.

6. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

Well-established use	<u>Traditional use</u>
	Not applicable.

7. DATE OF COMPILATION/LAST REVISION

14 January 2009